Transformative Learning Through Augmented Reality Empowered by Machine Learning for Primary School Pupils: A Real-Time Data Analysis

Abinaya M, Vadivu G
Department of Data Science and Business Systems
SRM Institute of Science and Technology
Kattankulathur, Chennai

Abstract—Academic performance and student engagement are constant challenges in the field of modern education. When it comes to engaging students, traditional teaching methods frequently fall short, so creative solutions are needed. The Transformative potential of Augmented Reality (AR) technology as a cutting-edge teaching strategy is examined in this study. AR presents a dynamic, immersive learning environment that has the potential to completely transform conventional classrooms. By incorporating AR into the curriculum, our research transforms pedagogical paradigms, closes the engagement gap, and raises academic performance through an adaptive learning system. The study reveals the complex dynamics of AR-enhanced education through thorough analysis, powerful visualizations, and significant ANOVA results (p-value=0.03). It challenges accepted educational theories and provides insights into the complex effects on learning outcomes and student engagement. This study highlights the significance of AR in educational settings and promotes its incorporation as a transformative instrument that can establish dynamic and captivating learning environments, encourage critical thinking, creativity, and early field exploration through Artificial Intelligence (AI), and ultimately mould future leaders who can succeed.

Keywords—Artificial intelligence; augmented reality; adaptive learning; machine learning; transformative learning

I. INTRODUCTION

A new era of education has begun as a result of the convergence of cutting-edge technologies and traditional teaching methods in the rapidly changing environment of modern education [1]. Augmented reality (AR), which provides educational experiences that are both immersive and interactive, is at the forefront of this revolution. These experiences are designed to captivate the minds of young learners [2]. In this digital age, when students exhibit a variety of learning styles and preferences, there has never been a greater need for personalized and adaptive learning approaches [3]. The research investigates the potentially revolutionary field of augmented learning by investigating how the combination of AR and advanced machine learning algorithms has the potential to radically alter the dynamic of conventional classroom settings [4]. When it comes to education, the traditional “one-size-fits-all” approach frequently falls short of adequately addressing the specific requirements of individual students [5]. By incorporating AR technology, personalized engagement goes from being a possibility to becoming a reality [6] allowing educational experiences to be tailored to match the preferred learning pace and style of each individual student. The research is based on the conviction that AR is more than just a word [7], [8]; rather, it is the key that unlocks educational opportunities that are without parallel [9], [10].

The current particular study takes a systematic approach to analyze the effects that AR had on students both before and after it was introduced into classrooms. It seeks to highlight the transformative potential of AR by conducting research into the shifts that occur in levels of academic performance, levels of knowledge retention, and levels of engagement. The process of education is given a boost in terms of its potential to be both dynamic and interactive to AR. The purpose of the study is to shed light on the significant changes that were observed in students after they engaged with educational content that incorporated AR, thereby highlighting how important it is for education to embrace technological innovations like these. As we embark on this transformative journey, our goal is to unveil innovative strategies that will empower educators, captivate students, and pave the way for a future in which education will not simply be informative but will instead be truly immersive, engaging, and profoundly enriching.

The objective of the research is

1) To carefully evaluate how AR-enhanced learning experiences affect student's levels of engagement and retention.
2) To show, through comparison with traditional teaching methods, how much better AR-enhanced learning is at meeting the needs and styles of a diverse student body.
3) To provide verifiable data and evidence-based solutions to real-world challenges in integrating AR and ML in classrooms.
4) To give legislators, tech developers, and educators intelligent information that will shape education’s use of cutting-edge technologies in the future.

II. LITERATURE REVIEW

Augmented reality (AR) has the capacity to transform STEM education in higher learning institutions by offering immersive and interactive learning encounters. A comprehensive literature review of 45 articles revealed that AR has been employed as an instructional tool for various STEM disciplines. However, the majority of studies have concentrated on the application of AR in laboratory-based environments,
with particular emphasis on biology and chemistry. Further investigation is required to create and assess AR applications for a broader array of STEM disciplines and educational settings, focusing on aspects such as design, user involvement, and cost-effectiveness [11]. AR has the potential to revolutionize education by offering immersive and interactive experiences that promote transformative learning. Machine learning (ML) has the ability to improve AR-based learning by customizing instruction, adjusting to individual student requirements, and creating fresh educational material. AR and machine learning have the potential to revolutionize education by creating personalized and transformative learning experiences that cater to the unique needs of every student [12]. According to [13], AR has the ability to bring about significant changes and improvements in education and training. AR facilitates immersive learning experiences by enhancing the visualization of intricate concepts, promoting individualized and cooperative learning, despite the obstacles posed by expenses, the declining cost of AR devices and the demand for top-notch applications suggest a bright future for the integration of AR in education. This compels researchers and practitioners to delve into its various applications.

The author in [14] highlight the significant impact that AR can have on education, emphasizing its ability to bring about profound changes. They mention several advantages of AR in education, including heightened involvement, enhanced comprehension, increased creativity, and improved collaboration. Nevertheless, they express concerns regarding issues such as expenses, the requirement for top-notch applications, and possible diversions. Educators should thoroughly investigate AR options, carefully choose appropriate applications, and strategically design integration plans in order to effectively utilize its potential for improving student learning and engagement. According to [15], AR and virtual reality (VR) have the capacity to transform education by improving engagement, comprehension, creativity, and collaboration. Nevertheless, it is imperative to tackle obstacles such as the expenses associated with devices, the requirement for outstanding applications, and the possibility of distractions. Teachers should investigate the potential of AR and VR applications, recognizing their advantages while strategically incorporating them into the curriculum to foster captivating and interactive educational experiences for students. The author in [16], emphasises the significant impact that AR can have on Education 4.0, particularly in terms of creating immersive and interactive learning experiences. The idea they have includes AR applications such as virtual laboratories, improved field trips, collaborative environments, and customised learning experiences. Despite obstacles such as the high expenses of devices and the varying quality of applications, educators are strongly encouraged to investigate the potential uses of AR, conduct thorough research on the available technology, and carefully incorporate AR into their teaching methods to improve student involvement and learning in the era of Industry 4.0. The prevalence of AR in science education (62%), according to Fidan and Tuncel’s (2018) content analysis of AR in education between 2012 and 2017. The most common type of AR was marker-based (67%), with achievement (54) and attitude (46%). In 67% of the studies, there was a positive impact on student achievement. The findings highlight the potential of AR in education, particularly in science, urging educators to investigate appropriate AR types and variables while acknowledging the need for additional research across diverse subjects. AR implemented with care can significantly improve student engagement and learning experiences.

The author in [17] analysis of AR in education (2012-2017) underscores its potential, especially in science education (62%). Marker-based AR was predominant (67%), focusing on achievement (54%) and attitude (46%). While positive impacts on student achievement were common (67%), attitudes towards AR varied. Educators are encouraged to explore AR types, consider relevant variables, and integrate high-quality applications to enhance student engagement across subjects, emphasizing the need for thoughtful planning and implementation in educational contexts [18] highlight AR potential to improve education through increased engagement, comprehension, creativity, and collaboration. Despite challenges such as device costs and application quality, educators are encouraged to investigate the benefits of augmented reality, research appropriate technologies, and integrate high-quality applications. AR can revolutionise education by creating more engaging, effective, and personalised learning experiences for all students with careful planning and implementation [19] advocate AR in medical education for immersive learning experiences, improved understanding, enhanced practical skills, and reduced costs. Despite challenges like expenses and distractions, AR offers engaging, effective, and affordable learning opportunities. Medical schools should integrate AR thoughtfully, raise faculty awareness, and conduct ongoing research to maximize its benefits for students’ education.

In their paper, [20] argue that AR can transform education by improving engagement, effectiveness, and accessibility. They highlight AR’s immersive, interactive learning experiences and personalised feedback and support. However, device costs, high-quality app development, and teacher training must be addressed. Teachers should investigate AR’s benefits, research relevant technologies, and carefully plan integration. Safety, access, and assessment methods should be considered to maximise AR’s impact on student learning. Careful planning and implementation can make AR a powerful educational tool. With the potential to provide students with immersive and interactive learning experiences that surpass the constraints of conventional teaching methods, augmented reality (AR) has the potential to revolutionise the primary school education system. The author in [21], [22] are just two of the many studies that have shown how AR improves student learning outcomes, discovered that AR-based virtual reality walkthroughs can effectively reduce motion sickness and improve learning outcomes. Furthermore, it has been demonstrated that AR-based instructional digital mo. AR technology has also been used to produce interesting experiences, such as AR-based mobile applications that assist learning in kids with learning disabilities and AR-enabled sports games that increase student motivation for physical activity [23]. AR is essential to transformative learning because it challenges students’ pre-conceived notions and presumptions. Augmented reality (AR) provides first-hand experiences that help students develop a more nuanced worldview and a deeper understanding of history by submerging them in virtual simulations of historical events [24]. Moreover, augmented reality fosters global perspectives and tolerance in students by facilitating the exploration of various cultures and viewpoints. There are significant ramifications
for elementary schools. AR has the potential to completely transform education by giving students interactive experiences that improve their comprehension of difficult concepts and by adjusting instruction to meet each student’s needs [25]. AR can be used by primary school teachers to support individualised learning programmes, interactive scientific experiments, virtual field trips, and educational games. Access to AR devices, top-notch applications, and careful planning to match AR activities with the curriculum are necessary for a successful integration, though [26], [27]. AR is a potent tool that can improve learning outcomes and student engagement in elementary schools when used strategically.

A. Overcoming the Limitations of Previous Research

For a more thorough and influential study, the constraints of the previous work on AR in education are tackled in the current study. The main limitation of the previous studies are, there is a distinct focus on AR applications in science education, namely in the fields of biology and chemistry, this provide the research gap for the investigation of AR in a wider range of STEM disciplines and educational contexts. Furthermore, although the revolutionary potential of augmented reality (AR) is acknowledged in the previous study, there is a shortage of thorough investigation into the cost effectiveness, involvement of users, and design of AR applications. In order to get beyond these restrictions, the study ought to expand its scope to cover a wider variety of STEM fields and educational settings, guaranteeing a thorough assessment of AR’s suitability. Along with providing useful answers to these problems, the study must also carry out a thorough investigation into the potential difficulties brought on by expenses, device costs, and application quality. In order to offer a comprehensive understanding of AR adoption in education, the study also ought to investigate the design features of AR applications, taking user involvement and cost-effectiveness into account. In order to effectively shape the future of education, educators, legislators, and tech developers access the verifiable data, evidence-based solutions, and intelligent information. By addressing these limitations, the study can provide a more delicate and practical perspective on the integration of AR in education.

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III. Methods

A. Data Gathering

Grade 2 and 3 students at Little Scholars Matriculation Higher Secondary School (LSMS) in Thanjavur District, Tamil Nadu, India were selected to participate. The study included a total of 127 students, with 63 boys and 64 girls. Table I shows the grade breakdown of the participants. A variety of data points were methodically gathered and organized to guarantee thorough insight into the AR learning experience. Fig. 1 depicts the Grade 2 Children saw the Marker based AR scene in a Mobile Phone.

1) Pre- and Post-Assessment: The first round of test scores was collected from the student’s permanent files to reveal their knowledge levels at the outset. Before participating in the AR interventions, students underwent a pre-assessment test to evaluate their initial understanding. Students were given a starting point in the form of these pre-test scores. Subsequently, students engaged in a series of five AR-based activities designed to enhance their understanding of the subject matter. A post-task evaluation was given after participants had finished these exercises. Scores on assessments given after AR treatments were implemented were used to draw comparisons. Using this method, we were able to compare students’ pre- and post-assessment scores representing their prior knowledge and the impact of AR-based learning activities, respectively to determine how much growth each student had made.

2) No. of Augmented Reality Activities: Student participants in the study used five different AR applications designed to facilitate interactive learning about fruits, animals, careers, rhymes, and the solar system. These exercises were carefully designed to stimulate deeper thought and greater participation from students. Time spent in each AR app by each student was meticulously recorded during each AR session. A built-in timer within the augmented reality applications tracked how long students spent on each activity. The information was instrumental in determining how long students were fully engaged in their studies. It also revealed important information about the level of interest that students had in the material being taught.

3) Educator Engagement and Ethics in Augmented Reality: All participant’s rights and safety were protected throughout our study’s entire data collection process, which was conducted in accordance with the highest ethical standards. Informed consent was diligently obtained from both the students and their guardians, signifying their voluntary agreement to participate in the AR learning activities. Our research would not...
have been possible without this open and ethical methodology, which emphasized the value of informed consent and personal autonomy.

An attentive teacher was there to help every step of the way, which greatly boosted the effectiveness of the AR lessons. The teacher’s presence was essential to the success of the activities and contributed to a positive and encouraging classroom climate. Students benefited greatly from this direction because it made them feel safe and encouraged them to fully immerse themselves in the augmented environment.

4) Consent from Institution: Prior to the start of the study, parents received detailed consent forms outlining the nature of augmented reality activities, their benefits, and the potential educational outcomes. Only children whose parents agreed to participate in the study were included.

5) Assent from Student: Students were briefed on the activities and given the option to participate if they desired. Getting people’s Permission to take part in AR sessions was a precondition for doing the activity.

B. Augmented Reality Implementation

AR requires a deliberate and immersive approach in order to be integrated into the educational framework. The creation and incorporation of AR content were carefully planned to meet the goals of the curriculum and provide young students with an enjoyable learning environment.

1) AR Content Development and Integration: We took a forward-thinking approach to creating AR content with the intention of giving students access to engaging and thought-provoking educational opportunities. Our AR content’s marker-based interface was both easy to use and straightforward. The technology made it easy for students to interact with the material, creating a stimulating classroom atmosphere. The AR modules we’ve developed feature vibrant 3D models, captivating animations, and enveloping auditory cues, all of which were thoughtfully developed. Students’ interest and understanding of the material were both boosted by the incorporation of these interactive features. Modules about fruits, vegetables, careers, the solar system, and rhymes were developed. Each AR module was created with a distinct set of pedagogical goals in mind. For instance, fruits and vegetables taught students not only about agriculture and nutrition but also about the value of caring for one’s body and the environment. The Professions AR content encouraged early exploration and understanding of a variety of professions by introducing children to them. Students’ minds were blown by the solar system modules, which took them on a fascinating journey through space. The rhymes unit also made use of visual aids, which helped to develop both vocabulary and imagination.

2) AR Software and Platforms: The merging of Unity, an advanced game development engine, and Vuforia, an innovative AR platform, has resulted in a revolutionary era of interactive learning. The ground-breaking collaboration gave rise to Marker-based AR, which completely altered the educational landscape. Unlike conventional markers or triggers, this technology can instantly identify physical books and printed materials, triggering digital overlays within the AR app with ease. The app’s intuitive design makes it suitable for elementary school students, and its AR content is accessible to even the youngest students. Integrating five separate educational activities studying fruits and vegetables, animals, careers, nursery rhymes, and the solar system improves participation and memorization. Through the use of school issued tablets and our own mobile devices, students are able to access these enlightening modules outside of the confines of the classroom.

C. Algorithm

1. Collect the pre assessment score of students
2. Analysis of Augmented Reality Interactions with post assessment score, time of interactions and the no of activities completed and the improvement score
3. Preprocess the collected Data
4. Selection of Features
5. Machine Learning in Statistical Analysis
6. Analyse the statistical analysis results
7. Use graphs and charts to visually represent findings

IV. RESULTS

AR technology has brought in a new era of immersive learning at LSMS School, as seen in the Fig. 1 interesting photo of students participating in an AR-enhanced lesson. Their reactions, full of wonder and teamwork, reflect the fresh energy that AR has brought to their academic pursuits. Fig. 2, a Box Plot showing before and after AR scores, vividly illustrates how this excitement translated into remarkable academic progress. Students’ impressive progress after adopting AR-based learning experiences is effectively demonstrated by this visual representation.

A visualization that captures how AR has transformed student performance. The correlation between AR enhanced learning experiences and subsequent improvements in students’ scores is clearly displayed by the graph. Our box plot, which displays a compelling comparison of pre and post-augmented reality scores, is a testament to the thorough analysis carried out. The distinct division between the two stages highlights the noteworthy advancements that students achieved following the incorporation of augmented reality-based educational opportunities. The impactful, precise data representation reveals the various ways in which students reacted to AR interventions by highlighting not only the mean scores but also their distribution and spread. The Violin Plot in the Fig. 3 provides a more comprehensive look at how AR activities correlate with assessment results. Its graceful arcs and peaks represent the wide range of reactions from students at different engagement levels. Like individual notes in an educational piece, each activity tally represents a distinct educational opportunity. Increases in the violin’s dynamic range signify collective growth wherein agreed-upon tasks significantly advance shared goals. Numerous differences denote unique learning paths, necessitating a pliable instructional strategy analogous to a skilled conductor leading a meticulously prepared band. This complex web of relationships exemplifies the individualised nature of education that caters to different approaches to learning.

Incorporating AR into educational practices is effective, as evidenced by the observed increase in improvement scores and
Fig. 2. Box plot shows the pre and post marks of the students after using augmented Reality in to their curriculum activity.

Fig. 3. Violin plot shows the no.of activities in augmented reality increases the marks in exam.

the significant p-value of 0.03 from ANOVA analysis when compared with the pre- and post-assessment scores of the students. The result confirms that AR not only improves understanding and interest, but also facilitates unique educational paths. The findings point to a future where technology and education work hand in hand to provide each student with a stimulating and individualised education. The integration of AR tools with conventional classroom practices has revolutionised education. Students, once confined by conventional boundaries, now explore a spectrum of knowledge, fostering a harmonious blend of technology and education.

V. DISCUSSION

Fig. 1 effectively captures the immersive quality of augmented reality, where traditional barriers to education vanish and interactive, hands-on learning becomes possible. Pupils can be seen examining virtual objects and even reaching out to touch and interact with them. Their obvious excitement reflects a deeper level of engagement made possible by augmented reality technology. This dynamic interaction turns abstract ideas into real, memorable experiences that go beyond the pages of textbooks. Beyond the technical marvel, the picture emphasises how AR fosters a collaborative spirit. In the augmented environment, students are seen collaborating to solve problems, sharing insights, and highlighting discoveries. In addition to improving their comprehension, this cooperative learning environment helps them develop critical thinking, communication, and teamwork skills.

The scatter plot in the Fig. 4 results clearly shows the complex relationship between students’ improvement scores and their augmented reality experiences. Plotting the individual student data points reveals an interesting pattern that highlights the beneficial effects of augmented reality on academic advancement. The values that are systematically extracted from the augmented reality interventions and improvement scores provide an inspiring tale that highlights the revolutionary potential of cutting-edge educational technologies.

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This graphic insight highlights the critical role that augmented reality plays in boosting student engagement and encouraging collaborative learning experiences. The excitement that the students displayed is consistent with the favourable results that our study showed, confirming AR’s potential as a revolutionary teaching tool.

It represents an evolution in the learning process rather than just an improvement in scores. With AR, education becomes more than just a teaching tool; it becomes a shared experience in which teachers and students work together in a dynamic, immersive learning environment. Upon considering the effects of this Fig. 5, it is evident that AR is more than a superficial trend; rather, it is a revolutionary force influencing the course of education. It has the infinite capacity to captivate, motivate, and enhance educational experiences. In a larger sense, this visual witness questions established educational theories and calls on establishments to adopt cutting-edge technologies and reconsider the definition of a classroom.
The plot also presents the idea of outliers, or students whose performance increased after AR was implemented. These outliers are more than just statistics; in which augmented reality served as a catalyst to enable remarkable academic achievements. These anomalies cast doubt on accepted ideas about learning paths, highlighting the revolutionary potential of immersive learning technologies. There are significant consequences to be taken from this box plot. It highlights that AR is a customized experience that accommodates a range of learning styles and speeds rather than an inflexible tool. This necessitates a change in our pedagogical paradigms as educators—from standardized instruction to individualized, AR-enhanced learning. It calls for the development of flexible, responsive curricula that value each student’s uniqueness and promote an atmosphere in which unusual growth is not only welcomed but encouraged.

Unexpectedly, the plot also presents the idea of outliers, or students whose performance increased after AR was implemented. These outliers are more than just statistics; in which AR served as a catalyst to enable remarkable academic achievements. These anomalies cast doubt on accepted ideas about learning paths, highlighting the revolutionary potential of immersive learning technologies. The ANOVA test yielded a significant p-value of 0.03 that is highly significant. According to statistics, there is less than a 5 per cent chance that the observed differences in improvement scores between traditional and augmented reality methods are the result of random fluctuations if the p-value is less than the conventional threshold of 0.05. Because of this low p-value, the idea that augmented reality is a key component enhancing learning outcomes is strongly supported.

A strong degree of confidence in the observed results is indicated by the 0.03 p-value, which supports the finding that augmented reality is significantly linked to higher student test scores. This statistical result emphasises the validity and reliability of the study’s findings and is consistent with our qualitative observations and analyses.

This confirmation strengthens the case for the use of AR technologies in teaching methods, as does the accompanying picture that shows student participation and visual proof.

The compelling picture, showcasing students’ increased enthusiasm and active participation in AR classes, is a perfect visual representation of our study’s striking findings. This deeper involvement with the material explains why students are performing better in school, underscoring the significant effect AR has on education. AR’s interactive nature enables immersive and individualised learning, meeting the needs of students with a wide range of learning styles. We believe that students’ increased flexibility is a major factor in the positive impact on their academic growth that we have observed. The visually impressive documentation supports the centrality of AR in education, which is emphasised by our analysis. The classroom environment is improved and students learn more when technology is used in the classroom. We believe that AR can be a game-changer in the classroom by creating more interactive and collaborative learning spaces. Our AR content has been highly commended for its ability to foster critical thinking, creativity, and early exploration across a wide range of disciplines. This cutting-edge method guarantees that students not only learn new information but also develop crucial skills necessary for their future success.

VI. Conclusion

As an outcome, the statistical evaluation highlights the effect of AR on the academic achievement of learners, as evidenced by a significant ANOVA result with a p-value of 0.03. The result validated the usefulness of AR in educational settings by showing that the variation in improvement scores between traditional and AR methods. AR is crucial to improve learning outcomes was supported by the sample data collected from the school, which includes powerful diagrams comparing pre- and post-augmented reality scores. The box plot, which clearly contrasts the use of AR with traditional methods, offers a clear visual depiction of the improvement in student performance. The positive correlation between interactive learning experiences and academic progress is further supported by the violin plot, which correlates the number of activities with improvement scores. Our study explored the practical implications of augmented reality in addition to establishing its statistical significance. The image, which shows students’ enthusiastic participation and active engagement during augmented reality sessions, is a potent illustration of how this technology has revolutionised the classroom and the results demonstrate that augmented reality is an initiator for a pedagogical revolution and not simply a technical development. Adopting cutting-edge technologies like AR is essential as education changes because it allows teachers to design dynamic, personalized, and interactive learning environments. It is recommended that educational institutions and instructors incorporate augmented reality into their pedagogical approaches, capitalizing on its capacity to enhance the learning experience and equip learners for a technologically and knowledge-driven future.

VII. Future Gap

Our research sheds light on important developments in the field of AR-enhanced education, but there are still many
questions that need to be answered. Long-term research into effects is an exciting avenue to explore. The longer the study runs, the more insight we’ll have into the long-term effects of AR on students’ learning trajectories and retention rates. Exploring AR’s utility and efficacy in a variety of subject areas and with students of varying ages could shed light on the technology’s potential in the classroom as a whole. Furthermore, investigating how best to combine AR with other pedagogical approaches like gamification or individualized learning could lead to novel and complementary learning strategies. Ethnographic studies could provide detailed insights into students’ experiences, shedding light on the emotional and social dimensions of augmented reality-enhanced learning. In the final analysis foremost, addressing the current gaps in technology access by investing in the development of low-cost and easily accessible augmented reality tools for resource-constrained educational settings would guarantee an inclusive educational landscape. By filling these future gaps, we can improve AR’s use in the classroom and create more engaging, effective, and equitable learning environments for all students.

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